

**When does lexical availability influence phonology?
Evidence from Jargon reading and repetition.**

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Appendix 2

Mean and standard deviation (in parentheses) statistics of psycholinguistic values for target word sets.

	Repetition		Reading	
	<i>High</i>	<i>Low</i>	<i>High</i>	<i>Low</i>
KF frequency	82.82 (78.53)	7.60 (6.74)	86.33 (80.04)	7.62 (6.60)
Celex frequency	73.947 (87.39)	6.34 (5.80)	79.94 (88.60)	8.76 (12.3)
Log frequency	1.71 (0.36)	0.73 (0.36)	1.72 (0.40)	0.81 (0.38)
Concreteness	549.67 (47.53)	366.60 (76.53)	554.03 (51.03)	365.67 (61.61)
Familiarity	550.83 (52.83)	414.08 (58.47)	556.97 (52.45)	422.88 (58.8)
Imageability	561.55(42.96)	408.17 (61.63)	563.08 (48.75)	408.28 (65.14)
Phoneme number	4.93 (1.74)	4.93 (1.76)	5.00 (1.74)	4.98 (1.81)
Syllable number	1.82 (0.75)	1.93 (0.82)	1.88 (0.83)	1.87 (0.89)
Letter number	5.77 (1.70)	5.93 (1.66)	5.97 (1.56)	5.98 (1.87)
Phonological neighbourhood density	7.5 (8.79)	6.13 (8.62)	8.18 (9.78)	6.2 (8.27)
Orthographic neighbourhood density	3.90 (5.04)	2.47 (3.09)	3.04 (4.47)	2.67 (3.43)
Phoneme position frequency	0.26 (0.11)	0.26 (0.13)	0.27 (0.13)	0.25 (0.11)
Biphone position frequency	0.021 (0.02)	0.02 (0.02)	0.021 (0.02)	0.02 (0.02)
Bigram position frequency	1685.03 (893.19)	1654.32 (1041.67)	1931.03 (936.26)	1645.25 (1002.95)