

Weight gain following stroke : its everybody's business

HOMER, Catherine <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-2571-6008>, ALLMARK, Peter <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-3314-8947>, IBBOTSON, Rachel <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7245-4528>, BHANBHRO, Sadiq <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0771-8130> and TOD, Angela

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Weight Gain Following Stroke: It's Everybody's Business

Homer, CV¹, Allmark P¹, Bhanbhro S¹, Ibbotson R¹, Tod AM² ¹Centre for Health and Social Care Research, Sheffield Hallam University, England ²School of Nursing Midwifery and Social Work, University of Manchester, England

BACKGROUND There is limited evidence to determine whether issue following stroke and patient' experience of weight gain. Anecdota local stakeholders suggested a problem of increased numbers of patier long term weight gain following a stroke. This study was developed through consultation exercises with health and social care professionals in resp concern and aimed to explore the rehabilitation and weight manageme stroke survivors of working age (<70) within the South Yorkshire locality

Survey:

- Respondents of the South Yorkshire Cohort (SYC) (3)
- Under 70 years old
- Reported having a stroke

Patient Semi-structured interviews:

- Overweight (BMI≥25), had a stroke recruited through the survey (n=10)
- Participants of a community stroke support group (n=2)

FINDINGS

1.Weight post stroke is not monitored routinely and prevalence is therefore unknown. However for some people weight gain is a considerable problem. The survey results were inconclusive but consistent with weight gain following a stroke. (P=0.29, difference 5.54lbs, 95% confidence intervals - 0.6lbs - 10.51lbs). 2. The 12 week pathway of care post stroke did not allow for long term monitoring of weight and was considered to restrict the quality and potential impact of the rehabilitation patients received.

3. Weight gain following stroke can be a sign of progress for those people with dysphagia; this ambiguity may lead to confusion in advice regarding potential weight gain. 4.Communication between health care professionals across the 12 week pathway was fragmented. Doubt over who should address poor diet which may lead to weight gain was evident. Additional limiting factors to support patients past the 12 week pathway included availability of specialist support, funding cuts to community based services and fear of making a referral which may put the patient at risk of harm.

"In an acute setting I don't think it's necessarily our role to give them health promotion advice" (Staff, P9)

"It wouldn't be within our remit to direct the person to an individual thing. Other than general advice, you know, we might all give, but we wouldn't specifically refer them to another service without going back through the GP" (Staff, P6)

5. The physical and psychological impacts of the stroke have the potential to contribute to weight gain. Social isolation, depression and loss of mobility were all considered to play a part. Reduced cognition also affected the ability to manage diet and weight and in some cases control of diet is lost to family or carers.

CONCLUSION

Practice: There is a need for long term monitoring of weight from acute to primary care. All health care professionals working with stroke patients need to be mindful of the risk of long term weight gain following stroke. Whether in acute, intermediate, rehabilitation or primary care settings, systems should be in place to identify opportunities for advice and support regarding diet and physical activity by, for example, embracing initiatives such as Making Every Contact Count (MECC). Research: Future research using a larger cohort and longitudinal data would provide data to explore the prevalence and causes of weight gain following a stroke.

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National Institute for Health Research, Collaboration for Leadership in Applied Health Research and Care for South Yorkshire (NIHR CLAHRC SY) a pilot which ended in 2013. Further details about the new NIHR CLAHRC Yorkshire and Humber can be found at www.clahrc-yh.nihr.ac.uk. The views and opinions expressed are those of the authors, and not necessarily those of the NHS, the NIHR or the Department of Health.

data.	and Framework techniques (1-2) were used to
ctured interviews:	
ologist - Strategic	Psychologist - Intermediate Care
st - Strategic	Sister/Modern Matron - Intermediate Care
nguage Therapist - Strategic	Speech and Language Therapist - Intermediate Care
te	Dietician - Community
Therapist - Acute	Occupational Therapist - Community
tant - Acute	Physiotherapist - Community
rmediate Care	Stroke Nurse - Community
Therapist - Intermediate Care	Sister/Modern Matron - Long Term Rehab
st - Intermediate Care	Re-ablement Coordinator - Voluntary Sector
	ologist - Strategic st - Strategic inguage Therapist - Strategic te Therapist - Acute tant - Acute rmediate Care Therapist - Intermediate Care st - Intermediate Care

"I guess I don't need to have an in depth understanding of the pathway. I just need to deal with the patients on my ward" (Staff P9).

