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Evaluating interprofessional simulation in the operating theatre

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Introduction

The operating theatre is an area of practice that newly qualified Diagnostic Radiographers find challenging (1). Socio-historical issues like imbalances in power and status are particularly prevalent in the operating theatre environment, and add complications to interprofessional working (2). Failures in interprofessional communication are well-documented with poor communication an established cause of medical error and negative health outcomes (3). Interprofessional education (IPE) and simulation are becoming widely used in healthcare education in order to prepare students for practice (4). These education strategies can increase self-efficacy (5), confidence (6), interprofessional team working and communication skills (7).

“\textit{I think that it would be more useful at the end of the first year as that is when people are going into theatre for the first time. (student reflection)}"

Findings and discussion

During the de-brief the students were asked what they were most worried about going into theatre. The response from most was that they were worried about being shouted at by the surgeon or other staff. As a result of this a discussion took place around relationships within the theatre and the value of effective communication. De-brief is an important step in the simulation process as this is where much of the learning takes place as students reflect on their experience (9).

Feedback from the students via the Padlet identified that they found the session useful, some would have preferred to have had the session earlier in the programme whilst some had no experience of theatre yet, and would have liked a more basic simulation before hand, covering setting up the equipment. This highlights the point that the timing of the simulation experience in relation to the students development is important in order for them to gain from the experience (10).

“\textit{Without giving me a chance to explain he began to shout and was quite rude. This was extremely off-putting to me and a little upsetting.” (student reflection)}"

Conclusions

The simulation was a positive experience. The timing and organisation of the simulation is important for the students to get the most out of the experience. There are benefits of being immersed in a high fidelity simulation and the realism plays a role in preparing students for real life experiences.

References


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